



Codenotary

Trusted Software Supply Chain

Trusted SBOMs

SDLC Evidence

Trusted Software

CI/CD Pipelines kontinuierlich schützen und Risiken senken

October, 2022





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Topics

- Software Supply Chain Attacks
- Executive Order
- Vulnerability Scanner
- SBOMs (Software Bill of Materials)
- SLSA and Attestation
- The Runtime problem
- Ways to protect CI/CD pipelines/applications

CYBER AND SUPPLY CHAIN ATTACKS

MANIPULATED CODE AND DATA CAUSES EVER INCREASING COSTS

01

SolarWinds

December 2020

Cyberattack affects over 18.000 companies and authorities. Estimated losses in the billions.

solarwinds 

02

British Airways

August 2018

Details of about 500,000 customers were stolen resulting in a \$329M penalty plus various claims.

BRITISH AIRWAYS 

03

Codecov

JULY 2021

Malicious code gained access to customers' CICD environments.

 **Codecov**

| POLICY

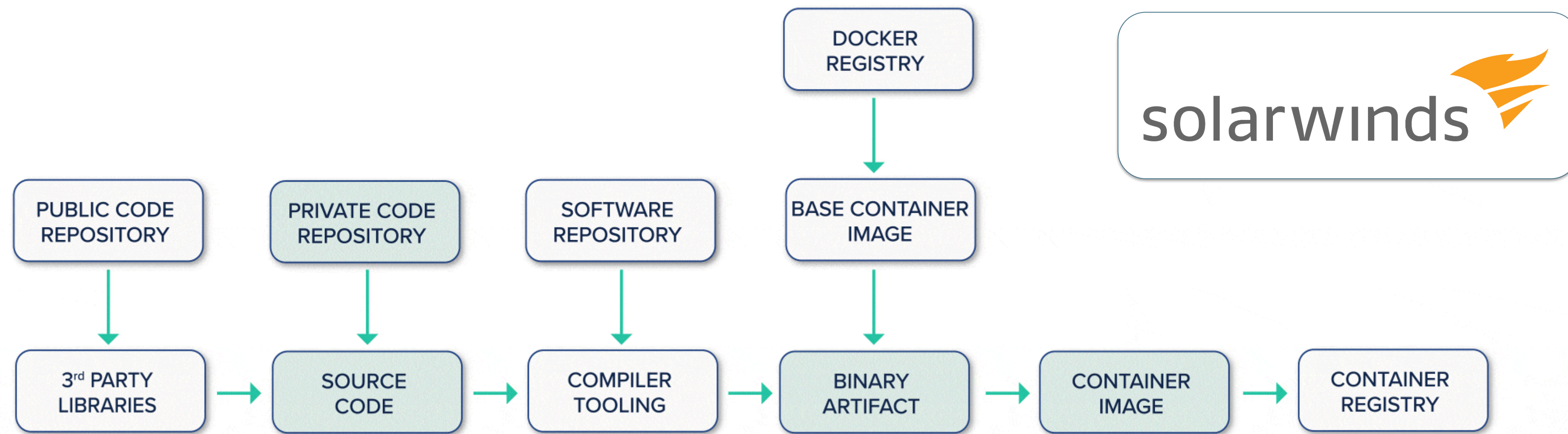
Cleaning up SolarWinds hack may cost as much as \$100 billion

Government agencies, private corporations will spend months and billions of dollars to root out the Russian malicious code

“Unlike good wine, this case continues to get worse with age,” said Frank Cilluffo, director of Auburn University’s McCrary Institute for Cyber and Critical Infrastructure Security. “For a lot of folks, the more they dig, the worse the picture looks.”

INCREASE IN SUPPLY CHAIN ATTACKS IN 2021

SOLARWINDS ATTACK APRIL 2021



18,000 +Customers Have Been Affected!



intel

Microsoft



CISCO

FireEye

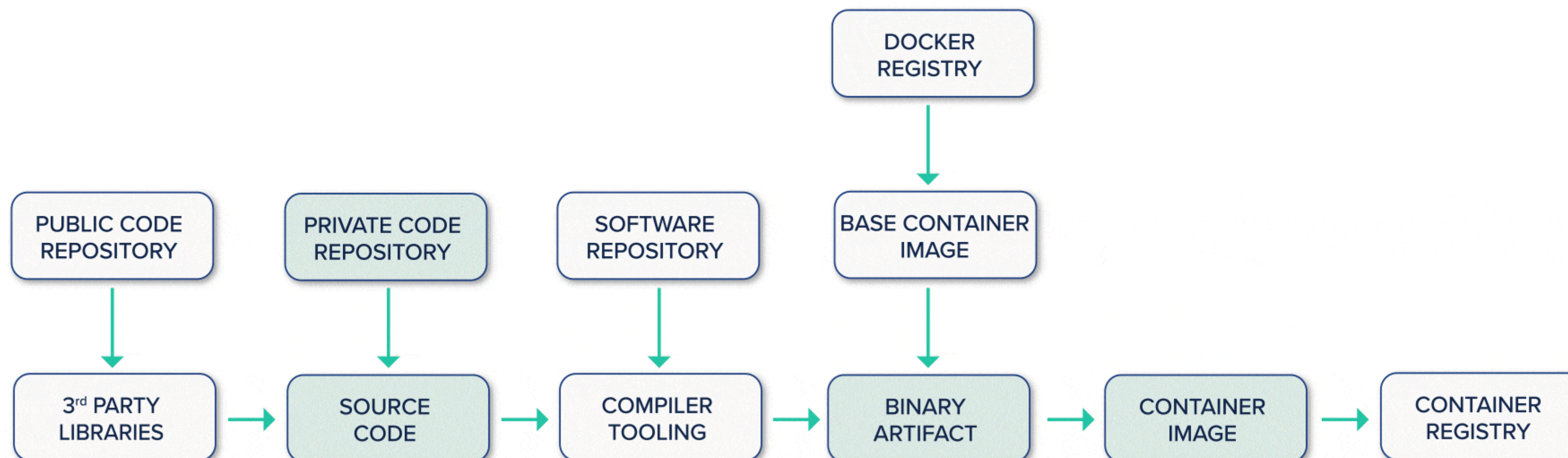


belkin

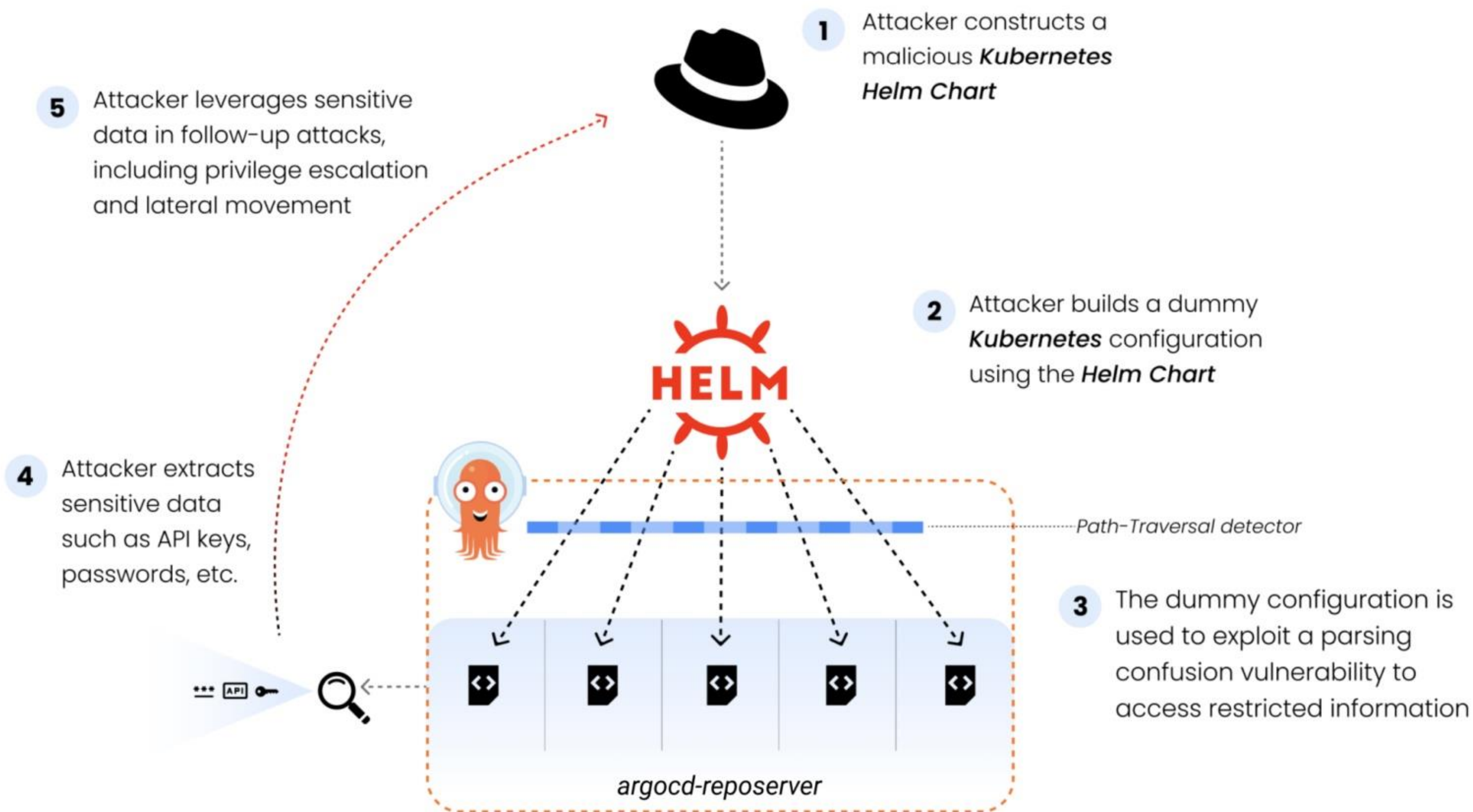
CODECOV ATTACK APRIL 2021

- Approximately 29,000 companies use Codecov's development tools according to the company's statement, including GoDaddy, Proctor & Gamble, Lululemon, RBC, Mozilla, Elastic, and others.

- According to federal investigators, the hackers compromised hundreds of networks following the supply chain attack and compare it to the SolarWinds attack.



ARGO CD ATTACK JAN 2022





Codenotary

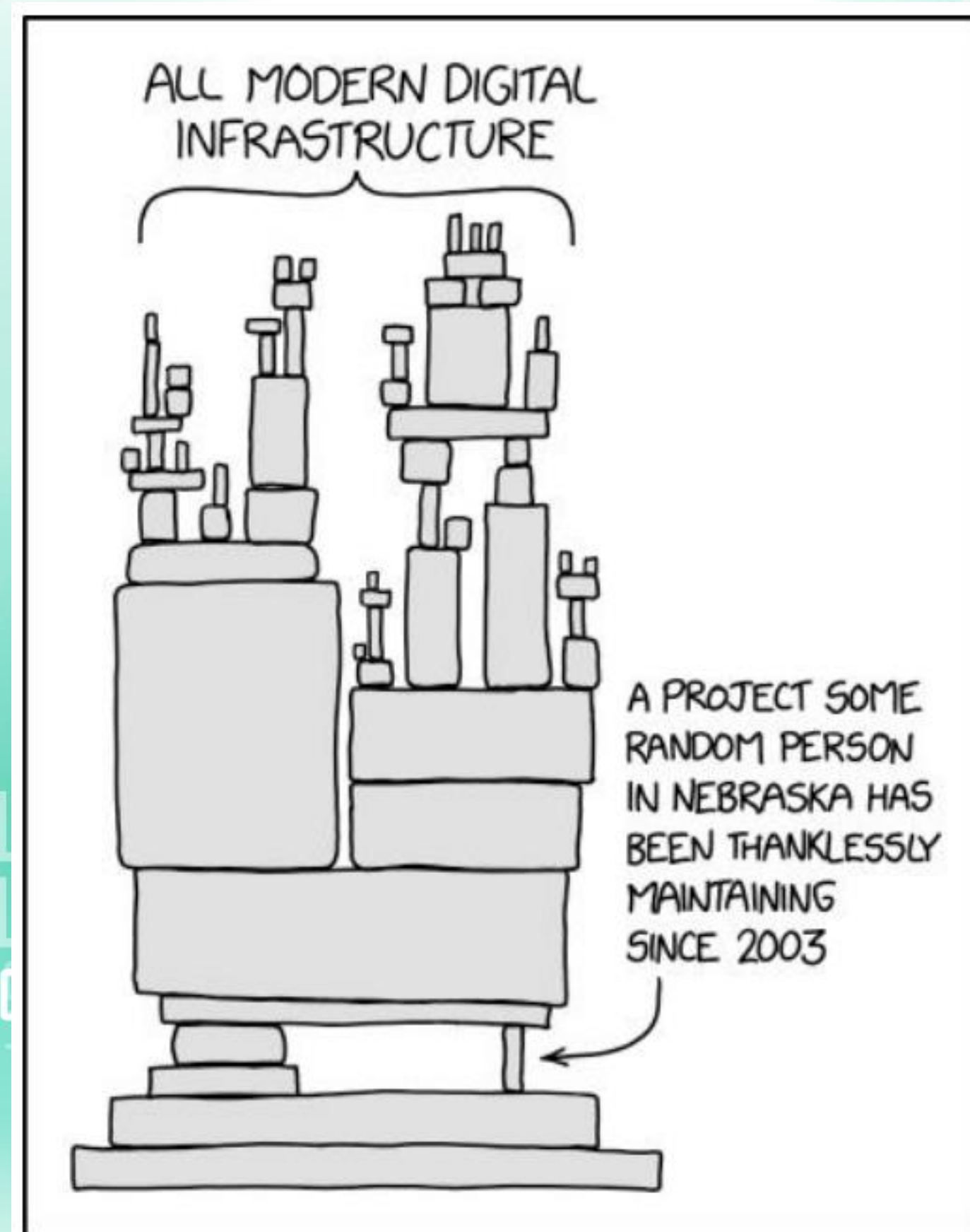


Topics

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HOW CAN THAT EVEN HAPPEN TO THESE BIG SW COMPANIES

**MOST COMPANIES
ARE NOT ABLE TO
ACCURATELY
SUMMARIZE THE
SOFTWARE THAT IS
RUNNING ON THEIR
SYSTEMS.**



Source: <https://xkcd.com/2347/> This work is licensed under a [Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 2.5 License](#).

MAJOR ATTACKS FORCED THE U.S. ADMINISTRATION TO ACT



BRIEFING ROOM

Executive Order on Improving the Nation's Cybersecurity

MAY 12, 2021 • PRESIDENTIAL ACTIONS

REQUIREMENTS

Software Bill of
Materials (SBOM)

Zero Trust &
Immutable

Forensic Proof



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Security Scanning Tools

Static Application Security Testing

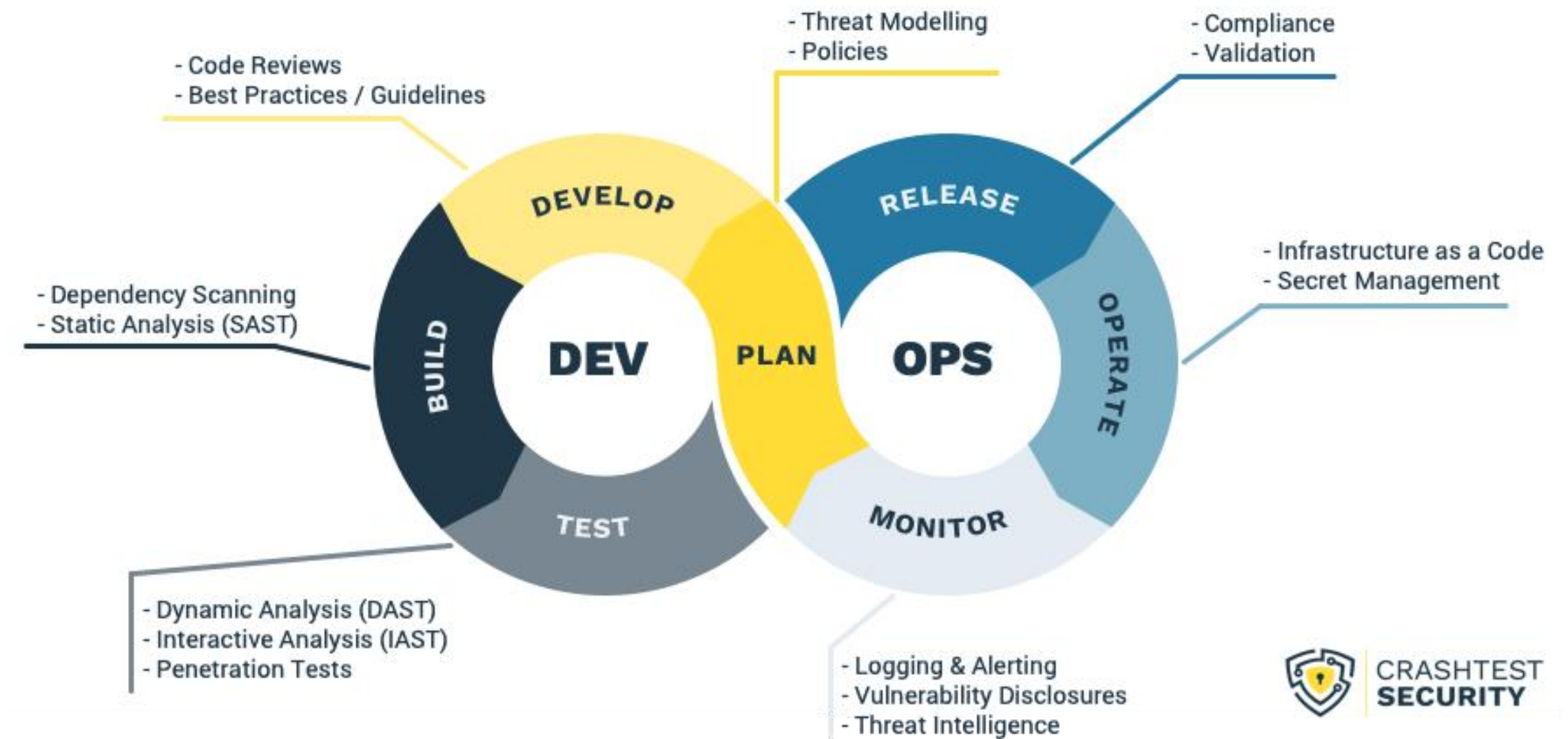
https://owasp.org/www-community/Source_Code_Analysis_Tools

Dynamic Application Security Testing

https://owasp.org/www-community/Vulnerability_Scanning_Tools

Container Security Testing

<https://techbeacon.com/security/17-open-source-container-security-tools>



Many, many tools, but: You can't scan the way out of a problem!



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The first question after discovering a new security advisory



ARE WE AFFECTED? AND IF YES, HOW, WHERE AND SINCE WHEN?



New Security Advisory release

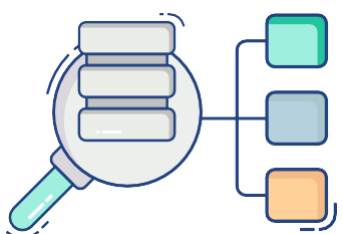
LAST DEPLOYMENT:
2 DAYS AGO



**Spot affected components by name,
version and checksum**

4 ACTIVE
DEPLOYMENTS

30 X
USED IN BUILDS



**Understand what software is at
risk, what deployments are based
on and if its still running**



**ACTION: UNSUPPORT CONTAINER
IMAGES USING THESE BUILDS**

WHAT IS A SOFTWARE BILL OF MATERIALS (SBOM)

- SBOM is a list of components in a piece of software.
- SBOMs help companies avoid use of harmful software & locate affected products in case of defects.
- Standards in progress: SPDX, CycloneDX



SOFTWARE BILL OF MATERIALS

THE STATE OF SBOM STANDARDS

SPDX v2.2 Document Contains:

Document Creation Information

Package Information

File Information

Snippet Information

Other Licensing Information

Relationships

Annotations



<https://spdx.dev/>

<https://github.com/orgs/spdx/repositories>

<https://github.com/opensbom-generator/spdx-sbom-generator>



<https://cyclonedx.org/>

<https://github.com/orgs/CycloneDX/repositories>

```
##### Package: log4j-core
PackageName: log4j-core
SPDXID: SPDXRef-3
PackageVersion: 2.14.1
PackageDownloadLocation: NOASSERTION
FilesAnalyzed: false
PackageChecksum: SHA256: ade7402a70667a727635d5c4c29495f4ff96f061f12539763f6f123973b465b0
PackageSourceInfo: <text>pkg:maven/log4j-core@2.14.1</text>
PackageLicenseConcluded: NOASSERTION
PackageLicenseDeclared: NOASSERTION
PackageCopyrightText: NOASSERTION
PackageComment: <text>UNTRUSTED, direct</text>
```

Codenotary Trustcenter command: `vcn a --bom vulnerable-application --bom-spdx vulnapp.spdx`

Open Source SBOM Tools

<https://github.com/microsoft/sbom-tool>

<https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/bom>

<https://github.com/anchore/syft>

Open Source SBOM Integrated tooling

<https://github.com/ckotzbauer/sbom-operator>

Integrated SBOM and Vulnerability Open Source Tools



<https://github.com/DependencyTrack>



<https://github.com/openclarity/kubeclarity>



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Topics

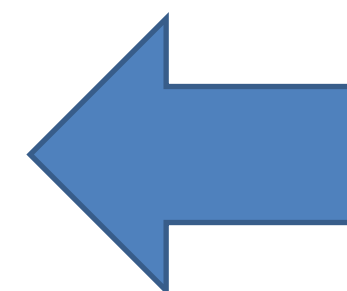
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SLSA and Attestation

SLSA ("salsa") is a security framework from source to service, giving a common language for increasing levels of software security and supply chain integrity.

<https://slsa.dev/>

| Level | Description | Examples |
|-------|--|---|
| 1 | Documentation of the build process | Unsigned provenance |
| 2 | Tamper resistance of the build service | Hosted source/build, signed provenance |
| 3 | Extra resistance to specific threats | Security controls on host, non-falsifiable provenance |
| 4 | Highest levels of confidence and trust | Two-party review + hermetic builds |



Artifacts

Used Source and produced Builds

Metadata

Artifact description: Provenance, SBOMs, Vulnerability scan report

Attestation

Authenticated and signed bundle of artifact checksum and metadata

Policies

Artifact and Attestation verification enforced before deployment

<https://github.com/in-toto/attestation>

Attestation SLSA Level 2 – GitLab example

.gitlab-ci.yml

RUNNER_GENERATE_ARTIFACTS_METADATA = "true"

_\${BUILD-ID}-artifacts-metadata.json

```
{
  "_type": "https://in-toto.io/Statement/v0.1",
  "subject": [
    {
      "name": "script.sh",
      "digest": {
        "sha256": "f5ae5ced234922eebe6461d32228ba8ab9c3d0c0f3983a3bef707e6e1a1ab52a"
      }
    }
  ],
  "predicateType": "https://slsa.dev/provenance/v0.2",
  "predicate": {
    "buildType": "https://gitlab.com/gitlab-org/gitlab-runner/-/blob/v15.1.0/PROVENANCE.md",
    "builder": {
      "id": "https://gitlab.com/ggeorgiev_gitlab/playground/-/runners/14811533"
    },
    "invocation": {
      "configSource": {
        "uri": "https://gitlab.com/ggeorgiev_gitlab/playground",
        "digest": {
          "sha256": "f0582e2c9a16b5cc2cde90e8be8f1b50fd67c631"
        }
      },
      "entryPoint": "whoami shell"
    },
    "environment": {
      "name": "local",
      "executor": "shell",
      "architecture": "amd64"
    },
    "parameters": {
      "CI": "",
      "CI_API_V4_URL": "",
      "CI_BUILD_BEFORE_SHA": ""
    }
  }
}
```

| Requirement | SLSA 1 | SLSA 2 | SLSA 3 | SLSA 4 |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Source - Version controlled | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Source - Verified history | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Source - Retained indefinitely | | | 18 mo. | ✓ |
| Source - Two-person reviewed | | | | ✓ |
| Build - Scripted build | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Build - Build service | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Build - Build as code | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Build - Ephemeral environment | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Build - Isolated | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Build - Parameterless | | | | ✓ |
| Build - Hermetic | | | | ✓ |
| Build - Reproducible | | | | ○ |
| Provenance - Available | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Provenance - Authenticated | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Provenance - Service generated | | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ |
| Provenance - Non-falsifiable | | | ✓ | ✓ |
| Provenance - Dependencies complete | | | | ✓ |
| Common - Security | | | | ✓ |
| Common - Access | | | | ✓ |
| Common - Superusers | | | | ✓ |

COMMUNITY ATTESTATION SERVICE



High performance and easy to integrate open source immutable database with cryptographical verification of no tampering. Supports both Key-Value & SQL

OPEN-SOURCE FOUNDATION

<https://cas.codenotary.com>

FREE COMMUNITY OFFERING



Community Attestation Service

COMMERCIAL OFFERING



Codenotary Trustcenter

Attestation

File & Git Repo

File, Folder & Git Repo

SBOM

Docker binary

Docker binary & base layer
Source (Python, .NET, Java, Nodejs, Go)
Binary (Java, Go) & Custom (C/C++)

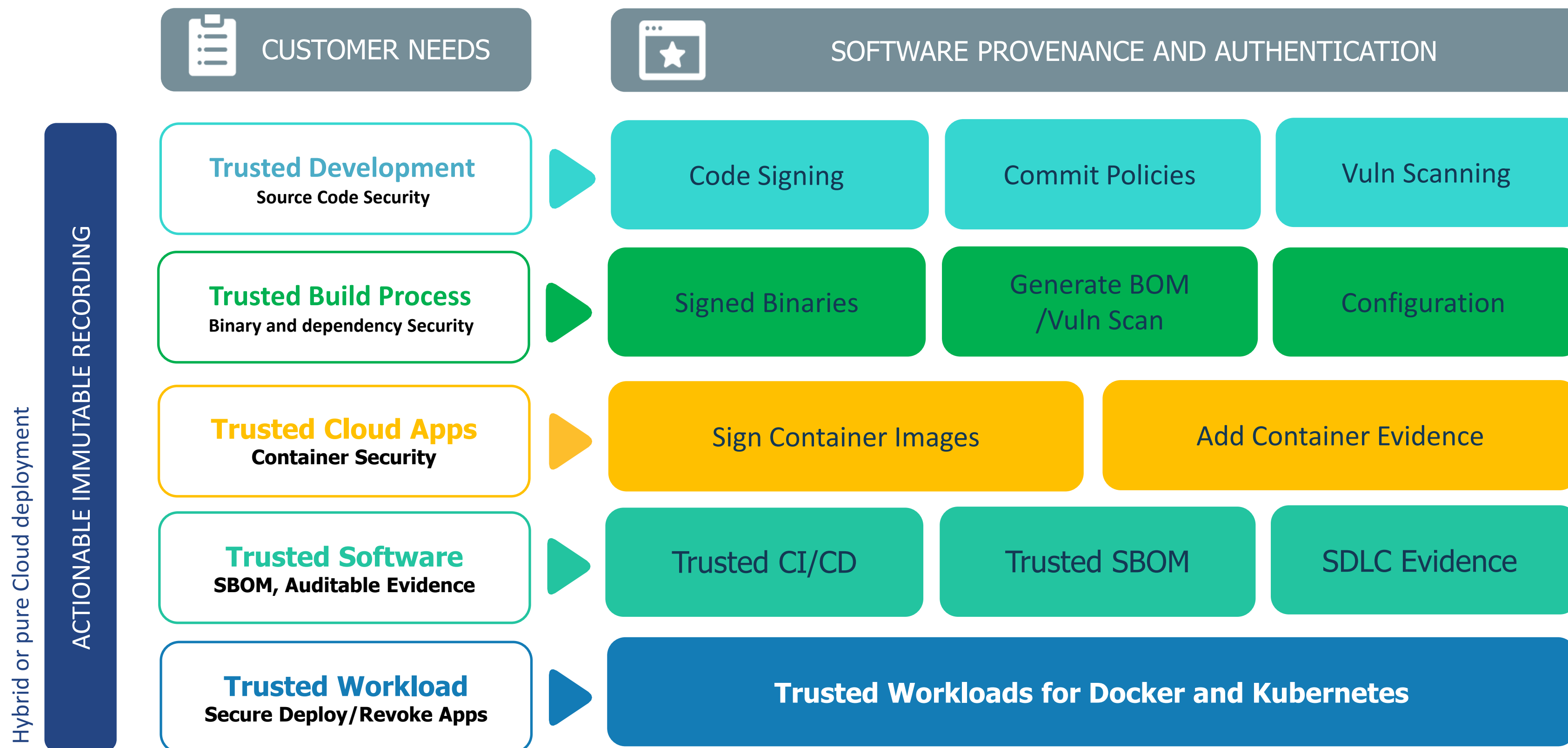
User & Key Management, Evidence

✗

✓

Codenotary Trustcenter

As a customer I want to run only approved software and be able to detect and revoke unwanted components at any time and within minutes





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EXAMPLE: UI-PARSER ATTACK OCTOBER 2021

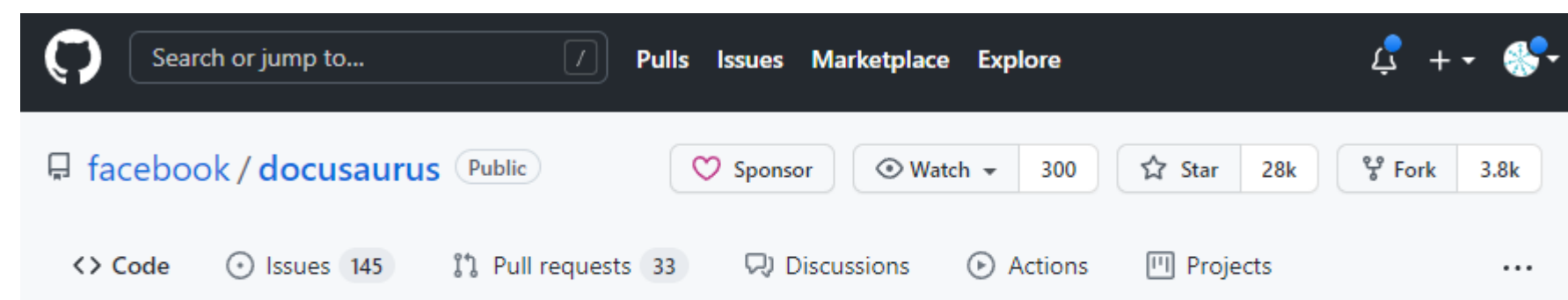
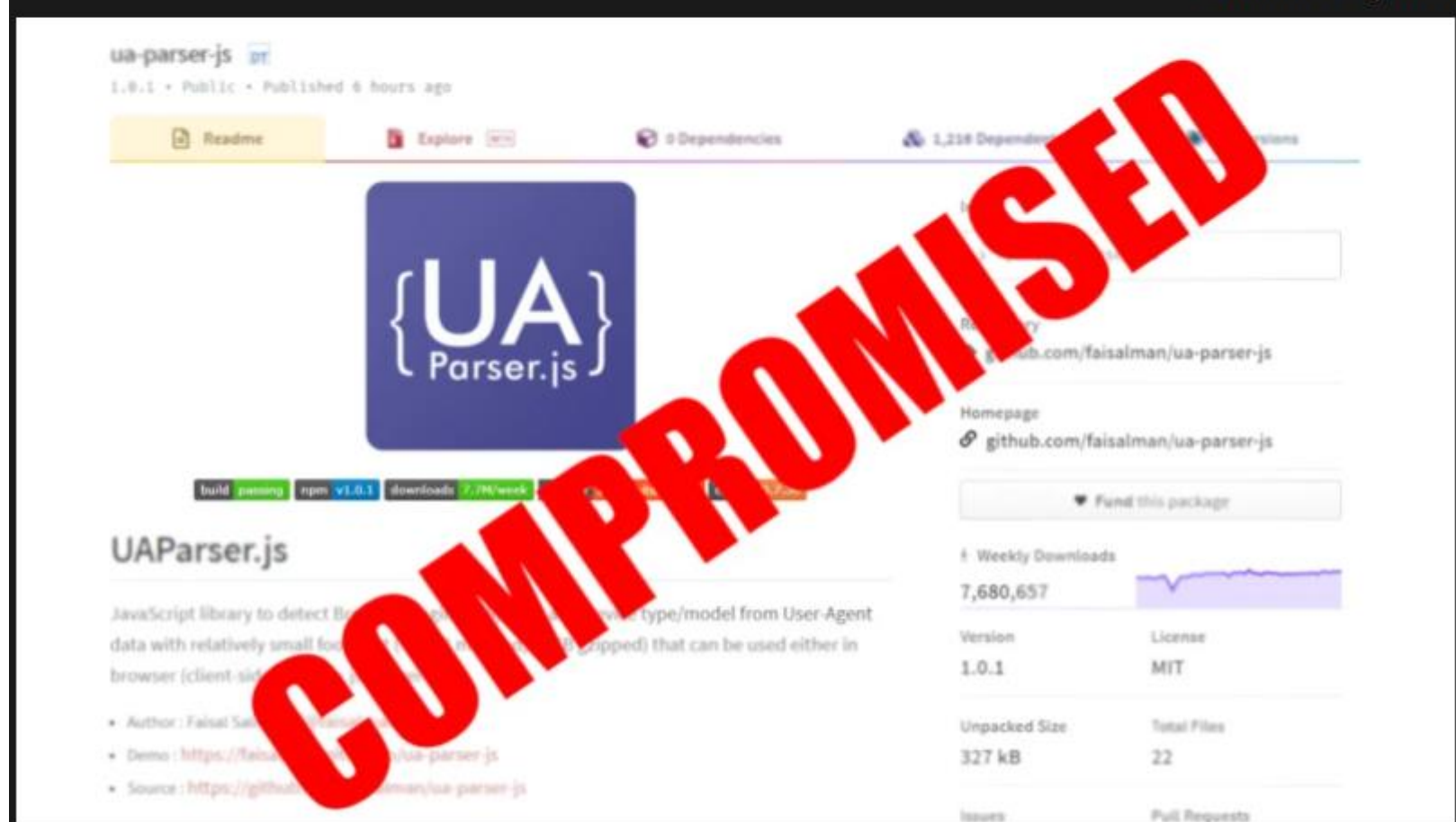
SUPPLY CHAIN ATTACK: NPM LIBRARY USED BY FACEBOOK AND OTHERS WAS COMPROMISED

by: **Ryan Flowers**

26 Comments



October 22, 2021



faisalman commented 24 days ago

Owner

Hi all, very sorry about this.

I noticed something unusual when my email was suddenly flooded by spams from hundreds of websites (maybe so I don't realize something was up, luckily the effect is quite the contrary).

I believe someone was hijacking my npm account and published some compromised packages (0.7.29 , 0.8.0 , 1.0.0) which will probably install malware as can be seen from the diff here: <https://app.renovatebot.com/package-diff?name=ua-parser-js&from=0.7.28&to=1.0.0>

I have sent a message to NPM support since I can't seem to unpublish the compromised versions (maybe due to npm policy <https://docs.npmjs.com/policies/unpublish>) so I can only deprecate them with a warning message.





UI-PARSER ATTACK OCTOBER 2021

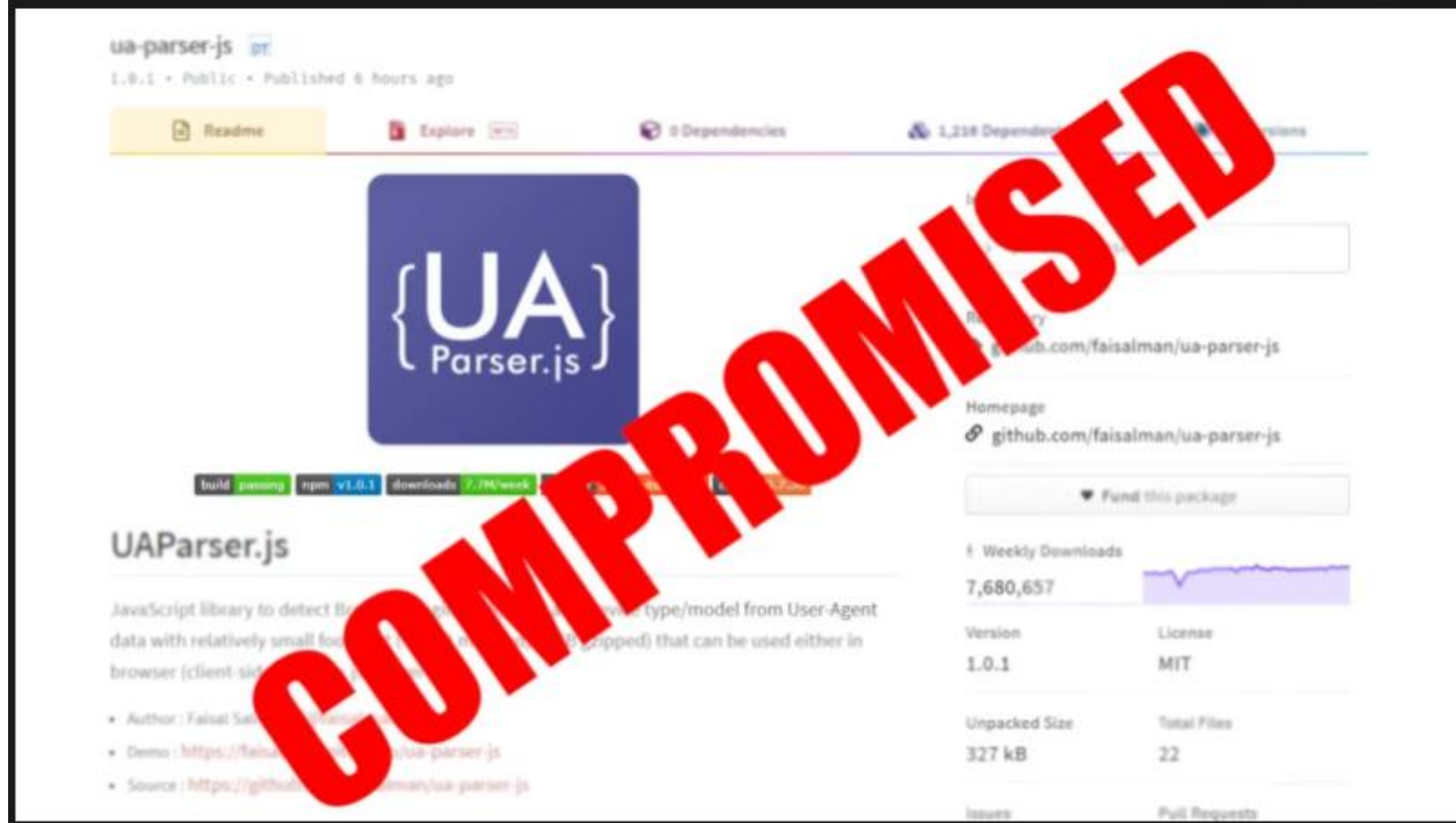
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TAKE IMMEDIATE ACTION!

- 1 Use SBOM to find projects using that dependency
- 2 Better to have SBOM generation as part of the build
- 3 Better to have SBOM generation as part of the runtime
- 4 Be able to Untrust the affected dependency
- 5 Be able to Unsupport or Untrust all affected projects
- 6 Workload integrations can act on unsupport/untrust action
- 7 Ship updated and trusted application
- 8 Make sure everything is stored tamperproof!



UI-PARSER ATTACK OCTOBER 2021



WHY IS IT BETTER TO HAVE SBOM
GENERATION AS PART OF THE RUNTIME?

Dockerfile (Build File)

284 Dependencies

```
21 # Copy configuration files
22 ADD config/init.sh /
23 ADD config/auto_update_crontab.txt /
24 ADD config/auto_update_job.sh /
25 ADD config/run.sh /
26 COPY config/supervisord.conf /etc/supervisor/conf.d/supervisord.conf
27
28 # Set files permission
29 RUN chmod a+x /init.sh /auto_update_job.sh /run.sh
30
31 EXPOSE 80
32 VOLUME [ "/docusaurus" ]
33 ENTRYPOINT [ "/init.sh" ]
34
```

Init.sh (Container Start)

1416 Dependencies

```
42 if [[ ! -d "$DOCU_PATH"/"$WEBSITE_NAME" ]]; then
43     msg "Install docusaurus..."
44     npx @docusaurus/init@latest init "$WEBSITE_NAME" "$TEMPLATE" &
45     [[ "$!" -gt 0 ]] && wait $!
46     ln -s "$DOCU_PATH"/"$WEBSITE_NAME" "$WEB_SRC_PATH"
47     chown -R "$TARGET_UID":"$TARGET_GID" "$DOCU_PATH"
48 else
49     msg "Docusaurus configuration already exists in the target directory $DOCU_PATH"
50 fi
51
52 if [[ ! -d "$DOCU_PATH"/"$WEBSITE_NAME"/node_modules ]]; then
53     msg "Installing node modules..."
54     cd "$DOCU_PATH"/"$WEBSITE_NAME"
55     yarn install &
56     [[ "$!" -gt 0 ]] && wait $!
57     cd ..
58     ln -sf "$DOCU_PATH"/"$WEBSITE_NAME" "$WEB_SRC_PATH"
59     chown -R "$TARGET_UID":"$TARGET_GID" "$DOCU_PATH"
60 else
61     msg "Node modules already exist in $DOCU_PATH/$WEBSITE_NAME/node_modules"
62 fi
```


UI-PARSER ATTACK OCTOBER 2021

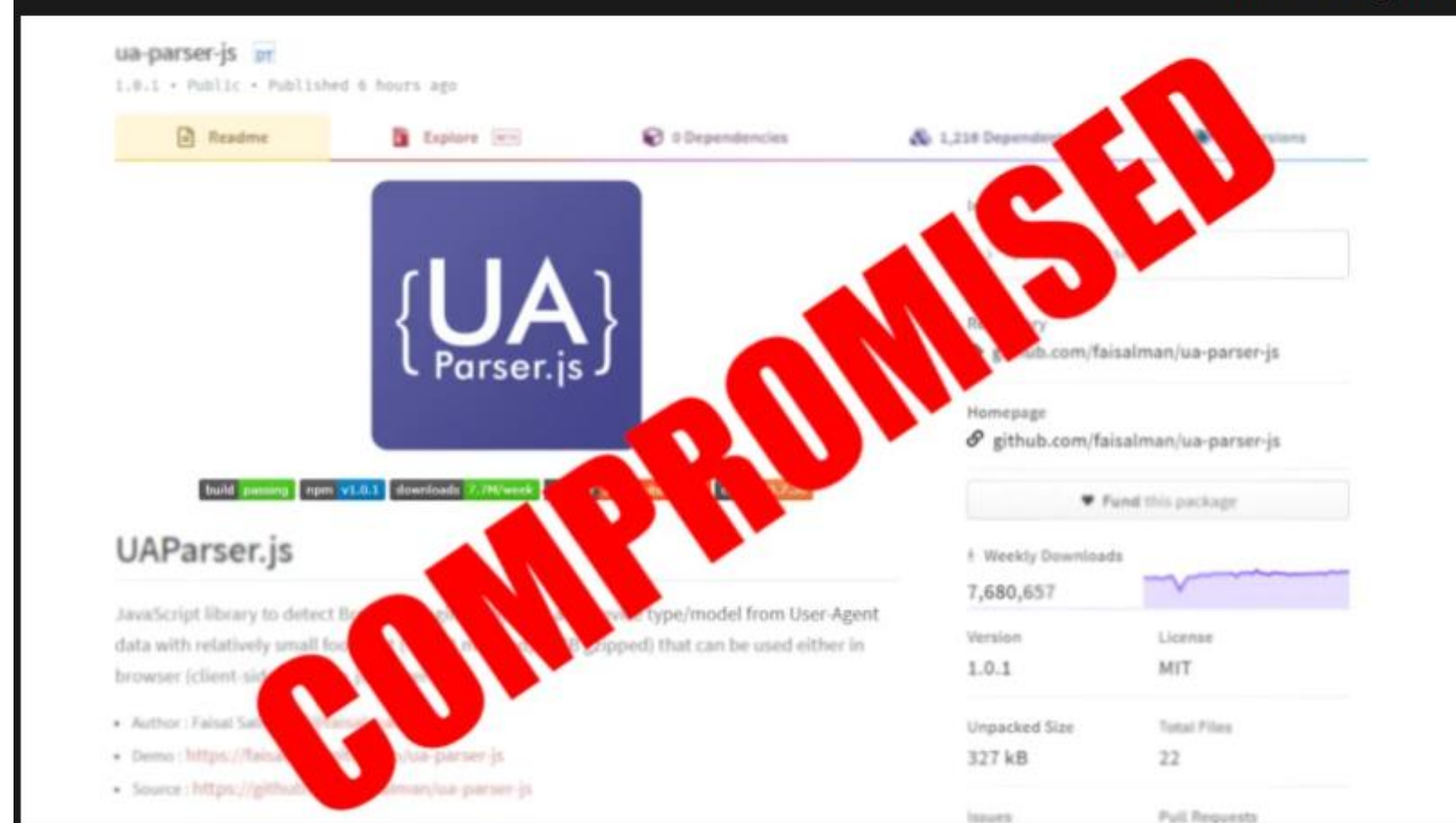
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ALTERNATIVE DIGITAL CERTIFICATES

- 1 Use SBOM to find projects using that dependency
- 2 Revoke the certificate your dependencies have been signed with
- 3 Revoke all project certificates
- 4 Revoke all container image certificates
- 5 Rebuild and sign new application container images
- 6 Redistribute and redeploy

DISADVANTAGES

- 1 Hard to manage
- 2 Lack of provenance
- 3 Not precise
- 4 Mass revocation instead of individual search and replace



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BENEFITS FROM ADOPTING SBOMs IN YOUR CI/CD

Know what is running and where!



IDENTIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION OR CONTAINER CONTENT

- Identifying and avoiding known vulnerabilities
- Quantifying and managing licenses
- Identifying both security and license compliance requirements
- Enabling quantification of the risks inherent in a software package
- Managing mitigations for vulnerabilities (including patching and compensating controls for new vulnerabilities)
- Lower operating costs due to improved efficiencies and reduced unplanned and unscheduled work



These **benefits** can be seen by those who **develop software**, those who **select or purchase software**, and those who **operate software**, across every sector



CI/CD PIPELINE SECURITY

Protect the CI/CD Pipeline!



PROTECTION OF THE CI/CD PIPELINES

- Restrict permissions to add or change CI/CD pipelines, Recipes and Secrets
- Secure PR code commits; Multi-user approval, protect recipe from override
- Tamperproof track and audit changes, addition or removal of recipes
- Use policies inside the CI/CD pipelines
- Use strong authentication and authorization to limit user and administrator access, as well as to limit the attack surface.
- Use log auditing so that administrators can monitor activity and be alerted to potential malicious activity.
- Periodically review pipeline settings and use policies to help ensure risks are appropriately accounted.



Make sure all software used including the CI/CD software is tracked (ideally including attestation), patched regularly and checked for vulnerabilities as well.

CI/CD APPLICATION SECURITY

Protect the CI/CD runner and the deployment environment!



PROTECTION
OF THE
APPLICATION
OR CONTAINER
CONTENT

- Use Attestation to store important metadata with the artifacts
- Use Policies to secure workflows, restrict deployments and continuously check runtime
- Scan containers and Pods for vulnerabilities or misconfigurations.
- Run containers and Pods with the least privileges possible.
- Use network separation to control the amount of damage a compromise can cause.
- Use tools to limit container access after deployment
- Use log auditing so that administrators can monitor activity and be alerted to potential malicious activity.

Action Plan



SOFTWARE COMPLEXITY AND VELOCITY IS GROWING EXPONENTIAL



AUTOMATION IS IMPORTANT

- Pick the SBOM standard that fits you best and ask your Closed Vendors to provide it; Open Source <- automate it
- SBOMs and SDLC evidence need to be implemented at scale
- Vulnerability and compliance scanner results needs to be actionable and stored with the software (timestamped)
- Storing data immutable is crucial to not open the next attack surface
- Make sure you can find bad software, unwanted software, non-compliant or risky components real-time or at near-time

How do you escalate when there is a finding?

- Escalation, GDPR, internal, public
- How to remove affected software from test, stage, production

Open Questions

- Cloud SaaS – how to handle SBOMs or Security Leaks unknown to you
- Enterprise Software – what if SAP or VMware is affected



Codenotary



THANK YOU



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